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#### Succestions to Authors

Manuscripts intended for publication in The Wilson Bulletin should be neatly typewritten, double-spaced, with at least one inch margins, and on one side only of good quality white paper. Tables should be typed on separate sheets, and should be designed to fit the normal page width, i.e., narrow and deep rather than wide and shallow. Before preparing these, carefully consider whether the material is best presented in tabular form. Follow the AOU Check-list (Fifth Edition, 1957) insofar as scientific names of United States and Canadian birds are concerned unless a satisfactory explanation is offered for doing otherwise. Use species names (binomials) unless specimens have actually been handled and subsequently identified. Summaries of major papers should be brief but quotable. Where fewer than five papers are cited, the citations may be included in the text. All citations in "General Notes" should be included in the text. Follow carefully the style used in this issue in listing the literature cited; otherwise, follow the "Style Manual for Biological Journals" (1964. AIBS). Photographs for illustrations should be sharp, have good contrast, and be on gloss paper. Submit prints unmounted and attach to each a brief but adequate legend. Do not write heavily on the backs of photographs. Diagrams and line drawings should be in black ink and their lettering large enough to permit reduction. Authors are requested to return proof promptly. Extensive alterations in copy after the type has been set must be charged to the author.

#### NOTICE OF CHANGE OF ADDRESS

If your address changes, notify the Society immediately. Send your complete new address to the Treasurer, William A. Klamm, 2140 Lewis Drive, Lakewood, Ohio 44107. He will notify the printer.

The permanent mailing address of the Wilson Ornithological Society is: c/o The MUSEUM of Zoology, The University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, Michigan 48104. Persons having business with any of the officers may address them at their various addresses given on the back of the front cover, and all matters pertaining to the Bulletin should be sent directly to the Editor.

## PLAN TO ATTEND THE 1972 ANNUAL MEETING

The 1972 meeting of the Wilson Ornithological Society will be at Cape May, New Jersey from Thursday, 15 June to Sunday, 18 June 1972. The meeting is being sponsored jointly by the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia, the Delaware Valley Ornithological Club, the New Jersey Audubon Society and the Urner Ornithological Club of New Jersey. The chairman of the local committee for arrangements is Dr. Ernest A. Choate, Cape May Point, New Jersey 08212. Information concerning accommodations, transportation, and a call for papers will be sent to all members with advance registration forms. Cape May, being a summer resort, has a large number and variety of restaurants and lodging accommodations. Headquarters will be at the Colonial Hotel and Motor Lodge, Central Beach Front, Cape May.

The Cape May region has been a center of ornithological interest since the time of Alexander Wilson and John James Audubon. The list of birds recorded here began with them and is still growing. The last new bird was a Skua sighted about five miles off shore on 16 June 1969 bringing Cape May's cumulative list up to 354. A special feature of the area is the Stone Harbor Heronry, one of the largest breeding colonies in the United States of Common, Snowy, and Cattle Egrets, Louisiana, Little Blue, Black-crowned Night, and Yellowcrowned Night Herons as well as thousands of Glossy Ibis. The largest breeding colony of Laughing Gulls on the continent is on a nearby salt marsh. Close by on the sand flats breed Black Skimmers, Common and Least Terns interspersed with an occasional Gull-billed Tern. Off shore the sight of a Sooty Shearwater, Cory's Shearwater, Wilson's Petrel, or a jaeger is a possibility. A walk in the woods may turn up a Black and White Warbler, Redstart, Kentucky, Prothonotory, or Hooded Warbler. Near the Cape May Point Lighthouse the notes of the Chuck-wills-widow and the Whip-poor-will are occasionally accompanied by the call of a rail and the hoot of the Great Horned Owl.