

The Orange-crowned Warbler at Ann Arbor, Michigan.—On January 31, 1932, an Orange-crowned Warbler (*Vermivora celata*) came to the feeding shelf at my home and was discovered quietly eating suet in a banding trap. It was apparently a female, for close examination revealed but a slight trace of orange on the crown. The bird seemed to be in good condition and was banded and released. This is the first winter record we have for Michigan.

Barrows (Michigan Bird Life, pp. 587-8, 1912) listed very few records for the state, and considered it more rare than our present knowledge would indicate. Norman A. Wood (Auk, xl, p. 338, 1923) and Walter Koelz (WILSON BULLETIN, xxxv, pp. 39-40, 1923, and Auk, xli, pp. 617-18, 1924) have added a few records, but we now have so much additional data that it seems worth while to summarize our knowledge of the species in the Ann Arbor region.

I have listed below only records for Washtenaw County and, except as otherwise specified, all records refer to Ann Arbor. These records are based largely on specimens in the University of Michigan Museum of Zoology and the records of my friend Mr. A. D. Tinker whose field of experience in this region is unequaled.

Spring:

1869. April 24—male collected by M. W. Harrington.
 1902. May 14—male collected by N. A. Wood.
 1904. May 10—male collected by N. A. Wood.
 1905. May 13—female collected by N. A. Wood.
 1911. May 1 —one seen by N. A. Wood.
 1912. May 5 —one seen by A. D. Tinker and Frank Novy.
 May 6 —male collected and two others seen by N. A. Wood at Portage Lake.
 1917. May 17—one seen by N. A. Wood.
 May 23—two seen and a female collected by Walter Koelz.
 1918. May 11—male collected by Dr. Max M. Peet at Delhi .
 May 14—one seen at Ann Arbor by A. D. Tinker.
 1919. May 3 —one collected by Walter Koelz.
 May 4 —two seen by A. D. Tinker; also one on May 13.
 1920. May 11 to 13—"abundant at Ann Arbor", Walter Koelz (WILSON BULLETIN, xxxv, p. 40).
 1921. May 8 —one seen by Walter Koelz.
 1922. May 12—one seen by Walter Koelz.
 1923. May 13—two seen by A. D. Tinker.
 1924. May 3 —one collected by Walter Koelz. "From the 8th to 12th they were most numerous when four or five were seen daily. The last specimen was noted on the 25th," Koelz (Auk, xli, p. 618).
 1926. May 2 —one seen by A. D. Tinker; also seen on May 4, 7, 9 (two), and 11.
 1928. May 5 —three seen by A. D. Tinker.

Autumn:

1887. October 6—three collected by Dr. A. K. Fisher at Ann Arbor (recorded in a letter of March 10, 1908, to B. H. Swales).
 1896. September 10—male collected by Will MacLean.
 1906. October 3 —male collected by N. A. Wood at Portage Lake.
 1913. October 19—one seen by A. D. Tinker.
 1916. September 13—three seen by A. D. Tinker.
 1921. September 25—one seen by A. D. Tinker; also one on October 9.
 1923. October 14—one seen by A. D. Tinker.
 1925. October 4 —three seen by A. D. Tinker. Another seen by him on November 1, although there had been snow and a temperature of 20° on October 29.

The latest autumn record for Michigan is that of a male collected by Walter Koelz (WILSON BULLETIN, xxxv, p. 40, 1923) on November 27, 1917, at Waterloo, Michigan (not Ann Arbor as reported in the Auk, xl, p. 338).—JOSSELYN VAN TYNE, *Museum of Zoology, Ann Arbor, Mich.*