

On the reverse side of the white 3-624 sheets received for band recoveries from the Bird Banding Office, reference is made to a pintail which was banded in Aransas County, Texas, in 1951, and recovered 2½ years later at the same place, "Evekinot," USSR, as the above mallard. In a letter accompanying the mallard recovery it was noted that a total of 171 North American bird recoveries have been received to June 12, 1961, from the Soviet Union. Most of the birds were pintails (121), snow geese (24), and black brant (16).

LITERATURE CITED

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Analysis of Chimney Swift Returns at Kent, Ohio, 1960-61. — In 1960 a total of 45 Chimney Swifts (*Chaetura pelagica*) returned to the campus of Kent State University. They had been banded in the following year-groups: 1951 (1); 1953 (1); 1954 (3); 1955 (5); 1956(3); 1957 (8); 1958 (12); 1959 (12). As far as sex has been determined to date, 15 were males and 12 were females. They were first found on the campus that year on April 21, and the last record was made on October 5. Twenty-three were first captured in 1960 in air shafts in which they had formerly nested; seven others in shafts in which they had formerly roosted; including one which had been an all-season visitor and two others which had been raised in the shaft of recapture. Thirty-one remained on the campus to nest in 1960, 20 of them nesting in the same shaft as in the previous year, and one former visitor nesting in the shaft where it had been a visitor in 1959. Two returns became all-season visitors with the mated pairs in shafts E1 and S1.

In 1961 a total of 46 Chimney Swifts returned. They had been banded as follows: 1951 (2); 1953 (1); 1954 (1); 1955 (4); 1956 (2); 1957 (6); 1958 (8); 1959 (13); 1960 (9). As far as sex has been determined to date, 13 were males and 12 were females. They were first found on the campus that year on April 23, and the last record was made on October 8. Twenty-five were first captured in 1961 in air shafts in which they had formerly nested; nine others in shafts in which they had formerly roosted, including one which had been an all-season visitor and one which had been raised in the shaft of recapture. One swift returned for the first time since it was banded in 1958, and four others for the first time since they were banded in 1959. One swift which had returned in 1958 and 1959, but not in 1960, did return in 1961. Thirty-three of the returns remained on the campus to nest in 1961, 23 of them nesting in the same shaft as in the previous year, and one swift which had nested in shaft VI over a period of six years, but had failed to return in 1960, resumed nesting there in 1961. One return became a temporary visitor with the nesting pairs in shafts L3 and N9.

The average number of returns since 1945 has been 44. From a low of 32 in 1945, the number increased generally until a peak return of 55 was obtained in 1955, followed by a drop to 37 in 1957. Another peak of 55 was attained in 1959. Since then the number has been about average. The previous analysis of annual returns was published in *Bird-Banding* 31 (2): 87-89. 1960.

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