

Aleutians, the Alaska Peninsula (Lake Iliamna), Kodiak Island, and the Kenai Peninsula (A.O.U., Check-list of North American Birds, 5th ed., 1957:35-36). The Lake Louise colony extends this range approximately 250 to 300 miles in a northeasterly direction from the Kachemak Bay area of the Kenai Peninsula, where the species is common. The relatively large size of Lake Louise, 52 square kilometers of surface, and the interconnected lakes Susitna and Tyone, together with their abundant fish fauna, apparently make this interior Alaska situation suitable for this small colony of cormorants. —FRANCIS S. L. WILLIAMSON and LEONARD J. PEYTON, *Arctic Health Research Center, Anchorage, Alaska, September 23, 1958.*



Fig. 2. Advanced downy cormorant young in the Lake Louise colony, 1958.

Ground Doves Nesting in San Diego County.—On May 4, 1957, Marilyn Bishop, of San Diego, reported the presence of four Ground Doves (*Columbigallina passerina*) at the Tia Juana River Valley in the extreme southwestern part of San Diego County. The doves were subsequently observed through the summer and most of the winter months. At times during this period as many as six doves were observed simultaneously.

On about June 10, 1958, Arthur G. Morley, Jr., brought to the museum a nest containing one egg. Laurence M. Huey, Curator of Birds and Mammals, identified the nest and egg as that of a Ground Dove. Mr. Morley related that this nest was first discovered along the Tia Juana River Valley on May 25, 1958. At that time the nest contained two eggs placed about three feet from the ground on the horizontal branch of a fallen tree. On June 5 this nest contained one young and an apparently addled egg. A second nest was found on June 5, 1958, again by Mr. Morley. This nest contained two eggs and was located near the previous nest about nine feet high in a small tree. An adult Ground Dove was seen to approach and settle on this nest. On June 12 I visited the area and observed seven Ground Doves in the vicinity. In the second nest I observed two recently hatched young.

Grinnell and Miller (Pac. Coast Avif. No. 27, 1944:186) list the Ground Dove as a vagrant to San Diego County.—JAMES R. SAMS, *San Diego Natural History Museum, San Diego, California, August 7, 1958.*

Land Birds from Clipperton Island.—The easternmost coral atoll in the Pacific Ocean is Clipperton Island, located at 10° 17' N lat. and 109° 13' W long. and approximately 600 miles southwest of the coast of Guerrero, México. Because of its remoteness and the difficulties of landing, the