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RECENT LITERATURE

EDITED BY HERBERT W. KALE II¹

ANATOMY AND EMBRYOLOGY

BENZO, C. A., AND L. D. DeGENNARO. 1974. Glycogen synthetase and phosphorylase in developing chick glycogen body. J. Exp. Zool. 188: 375-380.

BENZO, C. A., L. D. DeGENNARO, AND S. B. STEARNS. 1975. Glycogen metabolism in the developing chick glycogen body: Functional significance of the direct oxidative pathway. J. Exp. Zool. 193: 161-166.—The glycogen body may be linked metabolically to lipid synthesis and myelin formation in the CNS of avian embryos.—A.S.G.

GREENWALT, C. H. 1975. The flight of birds: The significant dimensions, their departure from the requirements for dimensional similarity, and the effect on flight aerodynamics of that departure. Trans. Amer. Philosophical Soc. New Series 65(4): 1-67.

HEATON, M. B., AND M. S. HARTH. 1974. Non-visual light responsiveness in the pigeon: Developmental and comparative considerations. J. Exp. Zool. 188: 251-264.—Embryos and hatchlings of *Columba livia*, but not embryos of *Gallus* gallus or hatchlings of *Streptopelia risoria*, possess a dermal light sensitivity.—A.S.G.

IWAMURA, Y., H. KOSHIHARA, AND T. NOUMURA. 1975. Studies on differentiation of Mullerian ducts in quail, *Coturnix coturnix japonica*, part 2, effects on nucleic acid synthesis in isolated female ducts. J. Exp. Zool. 192: 25-32.— Treatment with sex hormones may inhibit incorporation of ¹⁴C-thymidine by the right duct.—A.S.G.

MACARAK, E. J. 1975. An ultrastructural study of adhesive junctions in reaggregates of unincubated chick embryos. J. Morphol. 147: 41-60.—Reaggregates have an external phase of primitive ectoderm and an internal phase of primitive endoderm. Cells in the former have unspecialized junctions; those in the latter are joined by desmosomes.—A.S.G.

SARVELLA, P., AND M. GEHMAN. 1975. Development of parthenogenic membranes in double-yolked and injected eggs of chickens. J. Exp. Zool. 192: 143-148.----The incidence of parthenogenic membrane formation in double-yolked eggs is higher than expected, but a causative agent remains obscure.--A.S.G.

SAWYER, R. H. 1975. Avian scale development, part 5, ultrastructure of the chorionic epithelium induced by anterior shank dermis from the scaleless mutant. J. Exp. Zool. 191: 133-139.

SAWYER, R. H., U. K. ABBOTT, AND G. H. FRY. 1974. Avian scale development, part 3, ultrastructure of the keratinizing cells of the outer and inner epidermal surfaces of the scale ridge. J. Exp. Zool. 190: 57-70.

SAWYER, R. H., U. K. ABBOTT, AND G. N. FRY. 1974. Avian scale development, part 4, ultrastructure of the anterior shank skin of the scaleless mutant. J. Exp. Zool. 190: 71-78.

VAN SOEST, R. W. M., AND W. L. VAN UTRECHT. 1971. The layered structure of bones of birds as a possible indication of age. Bijdragen tot de Dierkunde 41: 61-66.

WHITE, P. T. 1974. Experimental studies on the circulatory system of the late chick embryo. J. Exp. Biol. 61: 571-592, 1 pl.—Development of a technique for removing the embryo without disturbing the membrane-shell relationship permits a wide variety of studies. Compares results with those from the better known mammalian system.—A.S.G.

¹Address: Florida Audubon Society, 35-1st Court SW, Vero Beach, Florida 32960.

BEHAVIOR

- ARCHER, J. 1974. The effects of testosterone on the distractability of chicks by irrelevant novel stimuli. Anim. Behav. 22: 397-404.
- ARCHER, J. 1974. Testosterone and behaviour during extinction in chicks. Anim. Behav. 22: 650-655.
- ANDREW, R. J. 1975. Effects of testosterone on the behaviour of the domestic chick, part 1, effects present in males but not in females. Anim. Behav. 23: 139-155.
- ANDREW, R. J. 1975. Effects of testosterone on the behaviour of the domestic chick, part 2, effects present in both sexes. Anim. Behav. 23: 156-168.
- ANDREW, R. J. 1975. Effects of testosterone on the calling of the domestic chick in a strange environment. Anim. Behav. 23: 169-178.
- ARNOLD, A. P. 1975. The effects of castration on song development in Zebra Finches (*Poephila guttata*). J. Exp. Zool. 191: 261-278.—Castration of males at 9-17 days slows but does not prevent development of normal song.—A.S.G.
- ARNOLD, A. P. 1975. The effects of castration and androgen replacement on song, courtship, and aggression in Zebra Finches (*Poephila guttata*). J. Exp. Zool. 191: 309-326.—Castration reduces frequency of courtship, copulation, and aggression, the rate of singing, and tempo of songs. Androgen replacement reverses these changes. Persistence of song in the absence of androgens may be related to the unpredictability of the Zebra Finch's breeding season.— A.S.G.
- BALTHAZART, J., AND M. STEVENS. 1975. Effects of testosterone propionate on the social behaviour of groups of male domestic ducklings, Anas platyrhynchos L. Anim. Behav. 23: 926-931.
- BATESON, P. P. G., AND J. A. JAECKEL. 1974. Imprinting: Correlations between activities of chicks during training and testing. Anim. Behav. 22: 899-906.
- BECKER, P. H. 1974. Der Gesang von Winter- und Sommergoldhähnchen (*Regulus regulus, R. ignicapillue*) am westlichen Bodensee. Vogelwarte 27: 233-243.— Sonographic analysis of songs of the Goldcrest and Firecrest. (English summary.)—H.C.M.
- BERGER, R. H. 1975. Cardinal observed feeding House Sparrows. Bull. Oklahoma Ornithol. Soc. 8: 7.
- BERGMANN, H. H., S. KLAUS, F. MULLER, AND J. WIESNER. 1975. Individualität und Artspezifität in den Gesangsstrophen einer Population des Haselhuhns (Bonasa bonasia bonasia L. Tetraoninae Phasianidae). Behaviour 55: 94-114.— Study of song variation in a free-living population of Hazel Grouse. (English summarv.)—F.E.L.
- BOWMAN, M. C. 1974. Whip-poor-will singing in winter. Florida Field Naturalist 2: 44-45.
- BROEKHUYSEN, G. J. 1974. The Behaviour of White Storks (*Ciconia ciconia*) hatched in South Africa. Vogelwarte 27: 166-185.—Observations of four storks taken from nests in South Africa and maintained in captivity suggest a 'migratory restlessness' in the southern autumn. The activities interpreted as restlessness seemed to decrease with age.—H.C.M.
- BROWN, C. P. 1975. Responsiveness to auditory stimulation in young chicks: Modification as a function of auditory experience during rearing. Anim. Behav. 23: 602-608.
- BURGER, J. 1974. Breeding adaptations of Franklin's Gull (Larus pipixican) to a marsh habitat. Anim. Behav. 22: 521-567.—This monographic paper describes most aspects of breeding behavior, includes comparisons with typical ground- and cliff-nesting gulls, and discusses the possibility that the ancestral gull may have been a marsh nester.—F.E.L.
- BURGER, J., AND C. G. BEER. 1975. Territoriality in the Laughing Gull (Larus atricilla). Behaviour 55: 301-320.—A field study with comparisons between a Laughing Gull colony in a tidal salt marsh in New Jersey and one on a Texas coastal island where tidal fluctuations were minimal.—F.E.L.

CHEKE, R. A., AND J. A. COLES. 1975. "Freezing" behaviour of Pheasants on tree branches. Brit. Birds 68: 207-208.—Female Phasianus colchicus

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"freezing" against tree branch.--J.J.D.

- COLLAR, N. 1975. Golden Orioles [*oriolus oriolus*] diving into water. Brit. Birds 68: 245-246.
- COOK, W. T., AND P. B. SIEGEL. 1974. Social variables and divergent selection for mating behaviour of male chickens (*Gallus domesticus*). Anim. Behav. 22: 390-396.
- COOMBER, R. 1975. Contrasting predator-reactions of two Oystercatcher chicks. Brit. Birds 68: 157.—One Haematopus ostralegus chick swam underwater to escape a human while the other swam underwater to escape being "shepherded" by an adult Red-breasted Merganser (Mergus servator).—J.J.D.
- COWAN, P. J., AND R. M. EVANS. 1974. Calls of different individual hens and the parental control of feeding behavior in young *Gallus gallus*. J. Exp. Zool. 188: 353-360.—Chicks show selective food pecking in response to parental calls.—A.S.G.
- CURIO, E. 1975. The functional organization of anti-predator behaviour in the Pied Flycatcher. A study of avian visual perception. Anim. Behav. 23: 1-115.—This monograph tries to answer the question, how does a small palaearctic songbird, *Ficedula hypoleuca*, recognize its enemies? The author studied 3 German populations and a disjunct Spanish population over a 17year period. The paper opens with a survey of the Pied Flycatcher's two responses, either mobbing at a distance or snarling attack, to predators that prey on small birds skillfully or enemies that are generally incapable of dangerous retaliation. The major portion of the paper is a detailed description, including ontogeny, of antipredator responses, and an analysis of the releasing stimuli based on field experiments with natural and artificial models.—F.E.L.
- DAVIS, J. M. 1975. Socially induced flight reactions in pigeons. Anim. Behav. 23: 597-602.—Experiments with free-ranging feral *Columba livia* demonstrate that flight of one pigeon elicits alarmed flight in the rest of the flock if the first bird's takeoff is not preceded by preflight movements that enabled the flock to predict its occurrence.—F.E.L.
- DESFORGES, M. F., AND D. G. M. WOOD-GUSH. 1975. A behavioural comparison of domestic and Mallard ducks. Habituation and flight reaction. Anim. Behav. 23: 692-698.
- DESFORGES, M. F., AND D. G. M. WOOD-GUSH. 1975. A behavioural comparison of domestic and Mallard ducks. Spatial relationships in small flocks. Anim. Behav. 23: 698-705.
- DUNBAR, R. I. M., AND J. H. CROOK. 1975. Aggression and dominance in the Weaver Bird, *Quelea quelea*. Anim. Behav. 23: 450-459.
- EVANS, R. M. 1975. Stimulus intensity and acoustical communication in young domestic chicks. Behaviour 55: 73-80.
- GIEZENTANNER, K. I., AND W. H. CLARK. 1974. The use of western harvester ant mounds as strutting locations by Sage Grouse. Condor 76: 218-219.
- GILBERTSON, D. W. 1975. Courtship as a reinforcement for key pecking in the pigeon, *Columba livia*. Anim. Behav. 23: 735-745.
- GINSBURG, H. J., W. G. BRAUD, AND R. D. TAYLOR. 1974. Inhibition of distress vocalizations on the open field as a function of heightened fear or arousal in domestic fowl (*Gallus gallus*). Anim. Behav. 22: 745-749.
- GOSSOP, M. R. 1974. Movement variables and the subsequent following response of the domestic chick. Anim. Behav. 22: 982-986.
- GRAUL, W. D. 1974. Vocalizations of the Mountain Plover. Wilson Bull. 86: 221-229.
- GRIFFIN, D. R., AND C. D. HOPKINS. 1974. Sounds audible to migrating birds. Anim. Behav. 22: 672-678.—As sound travels upward much farther and more predictably than along the surface, natural sounds offer migrating birds a potential source of information about the kinds of land or water below them. (Author's summary.)—F.E.L.
- HARRIS, M. A., AND R. E. LEMON. 1974. Songs of Song Sparrows: Reactions of males to songs of different localities. Condor 76: 33-44.

- HEIDEMANN, M. K., AND L. W. ORING. 1976. Functional analysis of Spotted Sandpiper (*Actitis macularia*) song. Behaviour 56: 181-193.—Based on visual response of individuals to playback experiments conducted during the breeding season.—F.E.L.
- HERBERT, N. G., AND R. W. SCHREIBER. 1975. Diurnal activity of Brown Pelicans at a marina. Florida Field Naturalist 3: 11-12.—*Pelecanus occidentalis* probably adjusts its daily activity in order to be at marinas during the afternoon when fishermen return.—J.C.O.
- HOWE, M. A. 1974. Observatiosn on the terrestrial wing displays of breeding Willets. Wilson Bull. 86: 286-288.

HUBBARD, J. P. 1974. Flight displays in two American species of Buteo. Condor 76: 214-215.—(B. jamaicensis, B. albonotatus.)—H.W.K.

- HUGHES, B. O., D. G. M. WOOD-GUSH, AND R. M. JONES. 1974. Spatial organization in flocks of domestic fowls. Anim. Behav. 22: 438-445.
- IMPEKOVEN, M. 1976. Responses of Laughing Gull chicks (Larus atricilla) to parental attraction- and alarm-calls and effect of prenatal auditory experience on the responsiveness to such calls. Behaviour 56: 250-278.—Parental experience enhances the correct response to attraction calls but not to alarm calls. In chicks lacking prenatal experience with attraction calls, posthatching exposure to the same calls increasingly elicits alarm or avoidance suggesting the existence of a late prenatal or perinatal sensitive period.—F.E.L.
- KERMOTT, L. H., AND L. W. ORING. 1975. Acoustical communication of male Sharp-tailed Grouse (*Pedioecetes phasianellus*) on a North Dakota dancing ground. Anim. Behav. 23: 375-386.—Describes vocalizations and discusses the information they convey.—F.E.L.
- KILHAM, L. 1974. Copulatory behavior of Downy Woodpeckers. Wilson Bull. 86: 23-34.
- KILHAM, L. 1974. Covering of stores by White-breasted and Red-breasted Nuthatches. Condor 76: 108-109.
- KILHAM, L. 1974. Play in Hairy, Downy, and other woodpeckers. Wilson Bull. 86: 35-42.
- KING, B. 1975. Guillemot [Uria aalge] swimming on its back when under water. Brit. Birds 68: 159.
- KOVACH, J. K., AND G. C. WILSON. 1975. Binary assessment of early approachbehaviour in the Japanese Quail. Anim. Behav. 23: 357-367.
- KREBS, J. R., J. C. RYAN, AND E. L. CHARNOV. 1974. Hunting by expectation or optimal foraging? A study of patch use by chickadees. Anim. Behav. 22: 953-964.—Results of an experimental study with six hand-raised *Parus atricapillus* are more consistent with the optimal foraging model of patch use (E. L. Charnov) than with the hypothesis of hunting by expectation (J. A. Gibb).—F.E.L.
- KUSHLAN, J. A. 1973. Black-crowned Night Heron diving for prey. Florida Field Naturalist 1: 27-28.
- LECK, C. F. 1974. Sunbathing in the Streamertail Hummingbird. Wilson Bull. 86: 78-79.
- LEE, D., AND B. ROTHGABER. 1973. Late summer mating of the Black-billed Cuckoo. Maryland Birdlife 29: 143.---Copulation seen on 23 August.---H.B.
- LIGON, J. D., AND D. J. MARTIN. 1974. Pinon seed assessment by the Pinon Jay, Gymmorhinus cyanocephalus. Anim. Behav. 22: 421-429.--Results of an experimental study with wild-caught adults and hand-reared yearlings and juveniles indicate that ability to discriminate between good and bad pinon pine seeds is based on visual, tactile, and auditory clues and improves with practice. Also, naive jays have an immediate preference for pinon seeds over other objects.-F.E.L.
- MARTI, C. D. 1974. An unusual House Sparrow roost. Condor 76: 229.—A subterranean transformer vault.—H.W.K.
- McCRIMMON, D. A., JR. 1974. Stretch and snap displays in the Great Egret. Wilson Bull. 86: 165-167.

MOCK, D. W. 1974. Aerial hunting by Little Blue Herons. Wilson Bull. 86: 280-282.

MORGAN, P. A., AND P. E. HOWSE. 1974. Conditioning of Jackdaws (Corvus monedula) to normal and modified distress calls. Anim. Behav. 22: 688-694.

- MORRIS, L. 1975. Effect of blackened epaulets on the territorial behavior and breeding of male Red-winged Blackbirds, Agelaius phoenicius. Ohio J. Sci. 75: 168-176.—The male's ability to defend territories was weakened, but not destroyed, in both pre- and postbreeding periods; treated males were able to mate and breed.—A.S.G.
- NESBITT, S. A. 1975. Voice maturity in Florida Sandhill Cranes. Florida Field Naturalist 3: 19.—Adult calls are first given by birds between 40 and 43 weeks of age.—J.C.O.
- NESBITT, S. A. 1975. Feather staining in Florida Sandhill Cranes. Florida Field Naturalist 3: 28-30.—Grus caradensis at one northern Florida site selected soil that was higher in iron content than surrounding soil for feather staining. Both adults and subadults apply soil to feathers. Author suggests that more study of staining by cranes is needed; for example, why do gray cranes (G. canadensis and G. grus) stain, but not white cranes?— J.C.O.
- NICKI, R. M., AND J. A. ROGERS. 1975. Approach and following behavior of 24hr-old chicks as a function of stimulus complexity. Anim. Behav. 23: 116-123.
- OLENDORF, R. R. 1974. A courtship flight of the Swainson's Hawk. Condor 76: 215.
- PARKER, A. 1975. Young male Peregrines [Falco peregrinus] passing vegetation fragments to each other. Brit. Birds 68: 242-243.
- PEFAUR, J. E. 1974. Egg-neglect in the Wilson's Storm-Petrel. Wilson Bull. 86: 16-22.
- POWELL, G. V. N. 1974. Experimental analysis of the social value of flocking by Starlings (*Sturnus vulgaris*) in relation to predation and foraging. Anim. Behav. 22: 501-505.—Individual Starlings, either in flocks of other Starlings or *Agelaius tricolor*, spent significantly less time in surveillance and responded more quickly to a flying model hawk than did single birds or individuals in smaller flocks.—F.E.L.
- PRESCOTT, K. W. 1973. Distraction display and "natural" death of a Blue Jay. IBB News 45: 107.—While a jay was being removed from a trap, another called repeatedly and feigned injury nearby, and then fell over dead.—D.M.F.
- RADFORD, A. P. 1975. Unusual pre-copulatory display by Song Thrush [Turdus philomelos]. Brit. Birds 68: 210.
- ROACH, T. C. 1975. Red-bellied Woodpecker removes young from nest. Florida Field Naturalist 3: 19.—Adult male *Centurus carolinus* carried separately three young and one egg from nest. Author implies that young were living.— J.C.O.
- RODGERS, J. A., JR. 1974. Aerial feeding by Snowy and Great Egrets in Louisiana waters. Condor 76: 70-71.
- ROSAIR, D. B. 1975. Swallows [Hirundo rustica] chasing bats. Brit. Birds 68: 248.
- ROTHSTEIN, S. I. 1975. Mechanisms of avian egg-recognition: Do birds know their own eggs? Anim. Behav. 23: 268-278.—Results of field experiments with real and artificial eggs reveal that 7 species (Turdus migratorius, Dumatella carolinensis, Toxostoma rufum, Tyrannus tyrannus, T. verticalis, Cyanocitta cristata, and Bombycilla cedrorum) of 35 North American passerines tested can recognize their own eggs regardless of the number of foreign eggs in the nest.—F.E.L.
- RYLANDER, M. K., AND E. G. BOLEN. 1974. Analysis and comparison of gaits in whistling ducks (*Dendrocygna*). Wilson Bull. 86: 237-245.
- SAMUEL, D. E. 1974. Ruffed Grouse vocalizations at the drumming log. Wilson Bull. 86: 131-135.
- SCHOMMER, M., AND B. TSCHANZ. 1975. Lautäusserungen junger Trottellummen

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(Uria a. aalge als individuelle Merkmale. Vogelwarte 28: 17-44.—A study of the calls, and their development in incubator-hatched, hand-reared Common Murres. All calls change during ontogeny. At least three of the nine calls show great individual variation. An interesting, thorough study. (English summary.)—H.C.M.

- SHIOVITZ, K. A. 1975. The process of species-specific song recognition by the Indigo Bunting Passerina cyanea, and its relationship to the organization of avian acoustical behavior. Behaviour 55: 128-179.—This important paper includes the results of playback experiments of bunting songs on a Michigan population of Indigo Buntings, comparisons of songs of three species of Passerina, and a table of synonyms of terms used to describe bird song.— F.E.L.
- SIEGEL, H. S., AND J. W. LATIMER. 1975. Social interactions and antibody titres in young male chickens (*Gallus domesticus*). Anim. Behav. 23: 323-330.
- SIEGFRIED, W. R., AND L. G. UNDERHILL. 1975. Flocking as an anti-predator strategy in doves. Anim. Behav. 23: 504-508.—Field experiments with *Streptopelia senegalensis* at a feeder utilizing a model hawk suspended from a wire provide evidence that a large flock has a higher probability of detecting an approaching predator than a small flock.—F.E.L.
- SLATER, P. J. B. 1974. The temporal pattern of feeding in the Zebra Finch. Anim. Behav. 22: 506-515.—Study of captive Taeniopygia guttata.—F.E.L.
- SMITH, D. G. 1976. An experimental analysis of the function of Red-winged Blackbird song. Behaviour 56: 136-156.—A vocalization experiment on territorial male Agelaius phoeniceus indicated that species typical song is not essential for maintaining territory or obtaining a mate and raising young successfully. Includes a discussion of various anesthetics and a design of a trap for fast capture of territorial males.—F.E.L.
- SMITH, S. M. 1976. Predatory behaviour of young Turquoise-browed Motmots, Eumomots superciliosa. Behaviour 56: 309-320.—Experiments with 9 handreared birds and appropriate models reveal that motmots direct their attack to the anterior end of a moving target, tend to ignore camouflaged models, and show a strong aversion to a pattern resembling a coral snake.—f.E.L.
- SNOW, B. K. 1974. Vocal mimicry in the Violaceous Euphonia, Euphonia violacea. Wilson Bull. 86: 179-180.
- SOUTHERN, W. E. 1974. American Kestrel transports Norway Rat. Wilson Bull. 86: 285.
- SPURR, E. B. 1974. Individual differences in aggressiveness of Adelie Penguins. Anim. Behav. 22: 611-616.—An experimental study of *Pygoscelis adeliae* on the breeding grounds showed that aggression reaches a peak at chick hatching time and that the more aggressive penguins hold territories in the center of the colony and have a higher breeding success than less aggressive ones.—F.E.L.
- STADDON, J. E. R., AND J. FRANK. 1974. Mechanisms of discrimination reversal in pigeons. Anim. Behav. 22: 802-828.—Domestic Columba livia.—F.E.L.
- STEDMAN, S. J. 1974. Singular Brown Pelican feeding behavior. Florida Field Naturalist 2: 44.—An immature Pelecanus occidentalis snapping off water lily flowers (Nymphaea).—J.C.O.
- STEVENSON-HINDE, J., AND R. ROPER. 1975. Individual differences in reinforcing effects of song. Anim. Behav. 23: 729-734.—Fringilla coelebs.
- STICKLEY, A. R., AND D. E. STEFFEN. 1974. Unusual crepescular blackbird movements. Wilson Bull. 86: 84-85.
- STOUT, J. F. 1975. Aggressive communication by *Larus glaucescens*, part 3, description of the displays related to territorial protection. Behaviour 55: 181-208.—Detailed description and significance of displays based on movies and sonograms.—f.E.L.
- THIELCKE, G. 1974. Stabilität erlernter Singvogel-Gesänge trotz vollständiger geographischer isolation. Vogelwarte 27: 209-215.—The author listened to the songs of 11 or the 14 European passerines established in New Zealand and detected no differences between the songs of the immigrants and those of native European birds. Only 4 species were examined with sonograms. At least the Blackbird and the Chaffinch learn elements of the song, yet no

change was noted in New Zealand birds. (English summary.)-H.C.M.

- TREMAINE, M. M. 1974. A possible "assist" to a hatching chick by an adult Whimbrel. Wilson Bull. 86: 77-78.
- VINICOMBE, K. E. 1975. "Freezing" attitudes of Hoopoes when approached by men. Brit. Birds 68: 208.—Upupa epops "freezing" against branch.—J.J.D.
- WEIR, D., AND N. PICOZZI. 1975. Aspects of social behaviour in the Buzzard. Brit. Birds 68: 125-141.—Detailed descriptions, with line drawings, of postures and calls used for spacing by *Buteo buteo*.—J.J.D.
- WHITE, S. J. 1975. Effects of stimuli emanating from the nest on the reproductive cycle in the Ring Dove, part 1, pre-laying behaviour. Part 2, building in the post-laying period and effects on the success of the cycle. Anim. Behav. 23: 854-868, 869-882, 883-888.—Streptopelia risoria.
- WINDSOR, D. M. 1975. Regional expression of directional preferences by experienced homing pigeons. Anim. Behav. 23: 335-343.
- WOOLFENDEN, G. E. 1975. Dusting by a Red-bellied Woodpecker. Florida Field Naturalist 3: 51.
- ZAJONC, R. B., W. R. WILSON, AND D. W. RAJECKI. 1975. Affiliation and social discrimination produced by brief exposure in day-old domestic chicks. Anim. Behav. 23: 131-138.

DISEASES AND PARASITES

- ANDERSON, W. L. 1975. Lead poisoning in waterfowl at Rice Lake, Illinois. J. Wildl. Mgmt. 39: 264-270.—An estimated 1500 waterfowl died of lead poisoning. Of the 394 birds collected 75% were *Aythya affinis*. Of the 96 examined, 75% had 1 or more lead pellets and 36% had 10 or more. Positive correlations existed between the number of pellets in the gizzard and body weight, the number of pellets in the gizzard and ppm of lead in kidney and wing bones, and ppm of lead in liver and ppm of lead in wing bones.—L.H.F.
- CASTO, S. D. 1974. Entry and exit of syringophilid mites (Acarina: Syringophilidae) from the lumen of the quill. Wilson Bull. 86: 272-278.
- COOPER, C. L., AND J. L. CRITES. 1974. Helminth parasitism in juvenile House Sparrows, *Passer domesticus* (L.), from South Bass Island, Ohio, including a list of helminths reported from this host in North America. Ohio J. Sci. 74: 388-389.—Four trematodes, 6 cestodes, 6 nematodes, and 3 acanthocephelans.—A.S.G.
- FREITAG, R., AND J. P. RYDER. 1973. An annotated list of arthropods collected from Ring-billed Gull nests on Granite Island, Black Bay, Lake Superior 1972 and 1973. Entomol. Soc. Ontario 104: 38-46.
- NESBITT, S. A., AND F. H. WHITE. 1974. A Salmonella typhimurium outbreak at a bird feeding station. Florida Field Naturalist 2: 46-47.—Ten species affected.—J.C.O.
- PETERSON, S. R., AND R. S. ELLARSON. 1975. Incidence of body shot in Lake Michigan Oldsquaws. J. Wildl. Mgmt. 39: 217-219.
- RYDER, J. P., AND R. FREITAG. 1974. Densities of arthropod populations in nests of Ring-billed Gulls. Canadian Entomol. 106: 913-916.
- SHCREIBER, R. W., F. M. DUNSTAN, AND J. J. DINSMORE. 1975. Lesser Scaup mortality in Tampa Bay, Florida, 1974. Florida Field Naturalist 3: 13-15.— Details of an unexplained die-off by several thousand Aythya affinis.—J.C.O.

DISTRIBUTION AND ANNOTATED LISTS

- BUNDY, G. 1975. Reed Warblers breeding in Shetland. Brit. Birds 68: 210-211.—First breeding record of *Acrocephalus scirpaceus* in Scotland.—J.J.D.
- CLARK, W. S. 1974. Occurrence of Swainson's Hawk substantiated in New Jersey. Wilson Bull. 86: 284-285.
- COLEBROOK-ROBJENT, J. F. R. 1973. Some breeding records of birds in Zambia. Zambia Mus. J. 4: 7-18.—Nests recorded during the period September 1966 through December 1972.—M.L.

- DOWSETT, R. J. 1973. The forest avifauna of the Misuku Hills in Malawi. Zambia Mus. J. 4: 19-36. Annotated list of birds observed and collected 22-29 October 1972, with mention of other species from the area reported in the literature.—M.L.
- DUNSTAN, F. M., R. W. SCHREIBER, AND J. J. DINSMORE. 1975. Caspian Tern nesting in Florida, 1973 and 1974. Florida Field Naturalist 3: 16-17.
- DuPONT, J. E. 1973. Swainson's Warbler breeding in Delaware. Delmarva Ornithol. 8: 13—First record for Delaware—a set of four eggs taken 25 May 1957.—D.M.N.
- FIELDS, R. C. , A. K. TROUT, AND D. T. WALLS. 1974. Recent breeding of the Sandhill Crane in North Dakota. Wilson Bull. 86: 285-286.
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Australes et Antarctiques françaises. Comité Nationnel Français Recherches Antarctiques. No. 33, 110 pp.—Presents several papers on the zoogeography of the region, breeding cycle of the Gray Petrel, avifauna of the Possession Islands, and the Kerguelens, measurements of internal and peripheral temperatures of King, Emperor, and Adelie Penguins, and the breeding biology of King Penguins. (In French; English summaries.)—H.W.K.

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- SCHUZ, E., AND J. SZIJJ. 1975. Beständsveranderungen beim Weissstorch, fünfte Übersicht: 1959-1972. Vogelwarte 28: 61-93.—The fifth survey of

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European white stork populations, covering the years 1959-1972. Populations have declined, mainly in the north and east, with e.g. the population in Lower Saxony now only 8% of what it was in 1900. Some areas in the east show stable populations, and some even show recent increases. Breeding success varies greatly from year to year. Breeding success varies from place to place. Maximum breeding success is not attained until 7 years of age. (Eng-lish summary.)—H.C.M.

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- THIOLLAY, J.-M. 1975. Les rapaces d'une zone de contact savane-forêt en Côted'Ivoire: Présentation du peuplement. Alauda 43: 75-102. Densité, dynamique et structure du peuplement. Alauda 43: 387-416.—Two papers on the birds of prey of Lamto, Ivory-Coast, where a 2700 ha reserve is maintained by École Normale Supérieure of Paris as a Tropical Ecology Field Station. The area is extremely rich in raptors (species numbers and density). Several aspects of raptor ecology (density, seasonal fluctuations, territory size, species numbers, impact of migrants, etc.) were studied during two 12-month periods, and other shorter sojourns.—F.V.
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- TOMOFF, C. S. 1974. Avian species diversity in desert scrub. Ecology 55: 396-403.—In desert scrub communities in the Sonoran Desert in Southern Arizona, breeding bird population density and species diversity increase with habitat complexity. Bird species diversity is highly correlated with physiognomic cover diversity and not with foliage-height diversity, largely because of avian specificity in selection of plants for nest sites.—C.R.B.
- TRAMER, E. J. 1974. On latitudinal gradients in avian diversity. Condor 76: 123-130.
- WEBSTER, J. D. 1976. Bird densities in the Hoosier National Forest. Indiana Audubon Quart. 54: 1-6.
- WIENS, J. A. 1973. Pattern and process in grassland bird communities. Ecol. Monogr. 43: 237-270.
- WIENS, J. A. 1975. Avian communities, energetics, and functions in coniferous forest habitats. In Proc. Symp. Mgmt. Forest and Range Habitats for Nongame Birds (D. R. Smith, Tech. Coordinator). U. S. Dept. Agr. Forest Serv. Gen. Tech. Rept. Worl: 226-265.—Breeding densities in various forest regions average 329-1456 individuals/km²; values are greatest in Pacific northwest forests, and lowest in immature stages of northeastern forests. Consumption of foliage insects and seeds may constitute a major functional role of birds in forest ecosystems, especially in relation to pest insect population dynamics and to reforestation processes.—L.F.
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- OLSON, S. L. 1973. Evolution of the rails of the South Atlantic Islands (Aves: Rallidae). Smithsonian Contrib. Zool. No. 152, 53 pp.—Describes the rails of Ascension, St. Helena, the Tristan Cunha group, and Gough Island. Describes two new extinct species and discusses evolution of flightlessness in rails.—H.W.K.
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- WILBUR, S. R. 1975. California Condor plumage and molt as field study aids. California Fish and Game 61: 144-148.—Attempts to age or identify Gymnogyps californianus individually by molt or plumage are subject to error.— J.J.D.

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- WOOD, N. A. 1975. Habitat preference and behaviour of Crested Coots [Fulica cristata] in winter. Brit. Birds 68: 116-118.
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MANAGEMENT AND CONSERVATION

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- SAVIDGE, I. R. 1974. A model for management predictions of territorial bird populations. Ohio J. Sci. 74: 301-312.—A mathematical model for comparison of management schemes for birds having a territorial or resource limited breeding organization.—A.S.G.
- SMITH, D. R. (Tech. Coordinator). 1975. Proceedings of the symposium on management of forest and range habitats for nongame birds. U. S. Dept. Agr. Forest Serv. Gen Tech. Rept. WO-1, 343 pp.—The objective of this symposium was to initiate dialogue between resource managers and avian ecologists. Includes 28 papers presented in 6 sessions: General, birds and their habitat, management of deciduous forest habitats, range habitats, coniferous forest habitats, and nongame birds in current policies and decision making.—L.F.
- SYKES, P. W., AND R. CHANDLER. 1974. Use of artificial nest structures by Everglade Kites. Wilson Bull. 86: 282-284.
- WEBSTER, M. 1975. Hong Kong's trade in wildlife. Hong Kong Bird Report 1974: 54-60.—Hong Kong is the end-user of a vast commerce in birds, mammals, and herps, chiefly from South China. Though almost impossible to obtain accurate statistics on birds, minimal estimates are mind-boggling! For example 100,000 each (annually) of *Garrulax canorus, Leiothrix lutea, Zosterops japonica*, and an African Serinus; 6000 Turdus sibiricus; 300 Zoothera dauma; 2000 Emberiza fucata; 10,000 individuals of nearly 30 species of raptors, etc. The effect of this trade on the ecology of South China must be substantial, and it is absolutely incredible that China, and especially Britain, permit this trade to flourish.—H.W.K.

MIGRATION AND ORIENTATION

- ALERSTAM, J. 1975. Redwing (*Turdus iliacus*) migration towards southeast over southern Sweden. Vogelwarte 28: 2-17.—Radar observations reveal that Redwings (and possibly Fieldfares) migrate on days with following winds.—H.C.M.
- DUNCAN, R., AND L. DUNCAN. 1975. A substantial hawk migration in northwest Florida. Florida Field Naturalist 3: 2-4.—Summarizes fall flights near Pensacola, 1972-1974, composed mostly of Broad-wings, *Buteo platypterus.*—J.C.O.

GATTER, W. 1974. Beobachtungen an Invasionsvögeln des Kleibers (Sitta

europaea caesia) am Randecker Maar, Schwäbische Alb. Vogelwarte 27: 203-209.—The Nuthatch was not seen as a migrant between 1961 and 1969 at the Randecker Maar, a station in the Swabian Alps. The first Nuthatch was observed in 1970 and by 1972, 40 were seen. The migrations correlate nicely with an increase from 8 to 27 pairs breeding in a study tract in Baden-Württemberg during the same time interval. Both population increases and migration may be correlated with yields of beech mast. (English summary and table and figure legends.)—H.C.M.

- GATTER, W. 1974. Analyse einer Invasion des Eichelhähers (*Garrulus glandari-us*) 1972/73 am Randecker Maar (Schwäbische Alb). Vogelwarte 27: 278-289.— Jays have shown irruptive migrations about every fourth year in the past 20 in the Swabian Alps. Details on timing, numbers, and directions of migration. (English summary.)--H.C.M.
- GUNTER, G. 1975. Further information on mass movements of Blue Jays on the Alabama, Mississippi and Louisiana coasts in October 1972. Mississippi Kite No. 6: 4-7.—Review and comments on *Cyanocitta cristata* movements and mortality.—J.A.J.
- GYLLIN, R. 1974. Spring migration of raptors over east Turkey and northwest Iran. Vogelwarte 27: 243-237.—Heavy northward passage; mainly *B. buteo* and *Milvus migrans.*—H.C.M.
- HAAS, W. 1974. Beobachtungen paläarktischer Zugvögel in Sahara und Sahel (Algerian, Mali, Niger). Vogelwarte 27: 194-202.—Observations of palaearctic migrants in the Sahara desert, including behavior of birds grounded in inhospitable terrain, causes of death of migrants, and new records of some species. (English summary.)—H.C.M.
- HAMERSTROM, F., AND D. DE LA RONDE. 1973. Cruising range and roosts of adult harriers. IBB News 45: 123-127.
- HOLZINGER, J. 1974. Einzug, Uberwinterung und Wegzug des Waldwasserläufers (*Tringa ochropus*) in einem suddeutschen Uberwinterungsgebiet. Vogelwarte 27: 289-292.—A few Green Sandpipers winter in the Danube valley. Observations of marked birds indicate that they arrive early, leave late, and stay as long as 8.5 months. (English summary.)—H.C.M.
- KALCHREUTER, H. 1974. Uber den Zug der Waldschnepfe (Soolopax rustieola) nach europäischen Ringfunden. Vogelwarte 27: 153-166.—The migration of the woodcock, based on an analysis of 814 band recoveries. Most birds return to their birthplace, and probably to previously used wintering places. A "loop" migration is suggested. (English summary and figure legends.)—H.C.M.
- KLEIN, H., P. BERTHOLD, AND E. GWINNER. 1973. Der Zug europäischer Gartenund Mönchgrasmücken (Sylvia borin und S. atricapilla). Vogelwarte 27: 73-134.—A detailed analysis and comparison of the migrations of the Garden Warbler and the Blackcap based on original data from 27 stations involving the captures of 33,000 birds and additional, previously published data from another 23 stations. Directions, timing, variations and changes in timing of migration, origins of birds based on measurements of wing length; differences in timing of migration of the sexes, analysis of banding recoveries are only some of the topics discussed. An excellent job of summarizing a veritable mountain of data gathered in banding operations, yielding considerable insight into many details of the migrations of these two species. (Twopage English summary; English figure and table legends.)—H.C.M.
- KNIGHT, P. J., AND W. J. A. DICK. 1975. Recensement de limicoles au Banc d'Arguin (Mauritanie). Alauda 43: 363-385.—The Oxford and Cambridge Mauritanian Expedition visited the Banc d'Arguin in September-November 1973 to evaluate its importance for migrant shorebirds. A mid-October census suggested the presence of 730,000 birds of 25 species, including 210 Limosa lapponica, 190,000 Calidris alpina, 130,000 Calidris canutus, and 100,000 Tringa totanus. For some populations of these species, the Banc d'Arguin thus constitutes an area of great concentration in the Palearctic. Banding results (4841 birds) will be presented elsewhere.—F.V.
- MENDELSOHN, H. P. 1975. A ring recovery of a Lesser Spotted Eagle [Aquila pomarina Biehm]. Koedoe 18: 193.—An adult banded 29 November 1972 in Africa was recovered (presumably dead) on 30 October 1973 in Azerbajjan SSR.—H.W.K.
- REICHOLF, J. 1974. Winterzug des Stars (*Sturmus vulgaris*) in Südost-Bayern. Vogelwarte 27: 248-251.—Observations of a regular midwinter movement of

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- SOUTHERN, W. E. 1974. The effects of superimposed magnetic fields on gull orientation. Wilson Bull. 86: 256-271.
- SPITZER, G. 1974. Zum Emigrationsverhalten der osteuropaischen Bartmeise (Panurus biarmicus russicus). Vogelwarte 27: 186-194.—An analysis of recoveries of Bearded Tits banded at the Neusiedler See in eastern Austria. Suggests that the species occasionally shows irruptive, undirected "invasions." (English summary.)—H.C.M.
- TAYLOR, W. K., AND B. H. ANDERSON. 1974. Nocturnal migrants killed at a central florida T.V. tower, autumn, 1972. Florida Field Naturalist 2: 40-43.—1347 individuals of 49 species.—J.C.O.
- TEMME, M. 1974. Zugbewegungen der Eiderente (Somateria mollissima) vor der Insel Norderney unter besonderer Berücksichtigung der Wetterverhältnisse. Vogelwarte 27: 252-263.—Four years of observations of Common Eider migrations on the East Friesland coast and correlations with weather conditions. (English summary.)—H.C.M.
- WINKEL, W. 1974. Über Verfrachtungen von Kohl- und Blaumeisen (Parus major und P. caeruleus) ausserhalb der Brutzeit im nordwestdeutschen Küstenraum. Vogelwarte 27: 264-278.—Great Tits (194) and Blue Tits (45) were captured and released at distances of 6 to 24 km. Established adults homed better than young birds. (English summary.)—H.C.M.

MISCELLANEOUS

- BERGENGREN, G., AND C. ELDERUD. 1975. Lake Tåkern Ecological Station—a presentation. Vår Fågelvärld 34: 264-267.—The station is operated by a nonprofit nature society to promote knowledge and understanding of nature preservation and habitat management. (English summary.)—L.deK.L.
- CLARKE, H. 1974. What camera (and equipment) for bird pictures? Birding 6: 161-165.---General guidelines about basic equipment.--H.W.K.
- DOWSETT, R. J. 1973. Jali Makawa—a profile. Zambia Mus. J. 4: 39-42.— An account of the field work and collecting done by Mr. Makawa in many parts of Africa, for many years with C. W. Benson and later with the Zambian Game Department and the Livingstone Museum.—M.L.
- DUNSTAN, T. C. 1973. A tail feather package for radio-tagging raptorial birds. IBB News 45: 6-10.
- FITZSIMONS, M. 1975. Lucy Bakewell Audubon. Atlantic Naturalist 30: 102-106.---A brief sketch of the famous artist's wife.--H.W.K.
- GILLIS, W. T., R. BYRNE, AND W. HARRISON. 1975. Bibliography of the natural history of the Bahama Islands. Atoll Res. Bull. No. 191, 123 pp.—Includes 83 ornithological titles published between 1859 and 1973.—H.W.K.
- HARDY, J. W., AND T. WEBBER. 1975. A critical list of type specimens of birds in the Moore Laboratory of Zoology at Occidental College. Nat. Hist. Mus. Los Angeles Co. Contrib. Sci. No. 273, 25 pp.—Lists holotypes, paratypes, and some topotypes of 70 species and 4 subspecies by catalogue number, and reassesses validity of the taxa. Includes locality data and a map of type localities.—H.H.
- HUBBARD, J. P. 1973. Identification of parakeets in Delaware. Delmarva Ornithol. 8: 22-23.—Treats Melopsittacus undulatus, Brotegeris versicolorus, Aratinga canicularis, and Myiopsitta monachus.—D.M.N.
- JOHNSON, E. 1973. A device to hold birds for photographic purposes. IBB News 45: 128-131.
- LEBERMAN, R. C., AND M. H. CLENCH. 1975. Bird-banding at Powdermill, 1974. Carnegie Mus. Nat. Hist. Powdermill Nature Reserve Rept. No. 35.—Reports on species banded, returns, recoveries, age records, and comments on breeding and migrating populations in the Ligonier Valley of the western Alleghenies.— H.W.K.
- SAPPINGTON, J. N., AND J. A. JACKSON. 1973. A technique for mist netting birds at communal roosts. IBB News 45: 102-106.

SCHUZ, E. 1973. Hugo Weigold 1886-1973. Vogelwarte 27: 141-145.—Obituary of the founder of the Vogelwarte Helgoland.—H.C.M.

- SINDERSON, S. W., JR. 1975. Making your own parabolic reflector for sound recording. Birding 7: 1-3.
- STEVENSON, H. M. 1974. Singing female Orchard Oriole: A word of caution in identifications. Florida Field Naturalist 1: 37-38.—Song has a strong similarity to that of Warbling Vireo. Observers in breeding range of the oriole should be careful in basing identification of this vireo cheifly on song.— H.W.K.
- SVENSSON, L. 1975. Little Bunting *Emberiza pusilla* and female Reed Bunting *E. schoeniclus*—the problem of field identification. Vår Fågelvärld 34: 311-318.—(English summary.)—L.deK.L.
- WILBUR, S. R. 1974. California Condor specimens in collections. Wilson Bull. 86: 71-72.
- WISEMAN, A. J. 1973. Homemade gadgets for the handyman bander. IBB News 45: 26-28.—How to make band holders, banding pliers, holding cages, and other banding aids.—D.M.F.

PHYSIOLOGY

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- ANDREWS, T. L., R. H. HARMS, AND H. R. WILSON. 1973. Protein requirement of the Bobwhite chick. Poultry Sci. 52: 2199-2202.
- AR, A., C. V. PAGANELLI, R. B. REEVES, D. G. GREENE, AND H. RAHN. 1974. The avian egg: Water vapor conductance, shell thickness, and functional pore area. Condor 76: 153-158.
- BOELKINS, J. N., AND A. D. KENNY. 1973. Plasma calcitonin levels in Japanese quail. Endocrinol. 92: 1754-1760.—Calcitonin levels in *Coturnix c. japonica* are higher than those in mammals at all ages and in both sexes.—S.L.L.G.
- DAVIES, D. T., AND B. K. FOLLETT. 1974. The effect of intraventricular administration of 6-hydroxydopamine on photo-induced testicular growth in Japanese quail [Coturnix coturnix]. J. Endocrinol. 60: 277-283.---Implicates adrenergic pathways in photoperiodic control of reproduction.---S.L.L.G.
- FOLLETT, B. K., R. A. HINDE, E. STEEL, AND T. J. NICHOLLS. 1973. The influence of photoperiod on nest building, ovarian development and leuteinizing hormone secretion in canaries (*Serinus canarius*). J. Endrocrinol. 59: 151-162.—Nest building increased after 4 weeks of 12 hours light:12 hours dark or 14 hours light:10 hours dark. Ovary and oviduct weights increased with 10 hours light:14 hours dark. These changes were not reflected in plasma leuteinizing hormone levels, but the pituitary leuteinizing hormone level was increased.—S.L.C.
- GOLDSTEIN, R. B. 1974. Relation of metabolism to ambient temperature in the Verdin. Condor 76: 116-119.
- HERTELENDY, F., M. YEH, AND H. V. BIELLIER. 1974. Induction of oviposition in the domestic hen by prostaglandins. Gen. Comp. Endocrinol. 22: 529-531.
- HOLMES, W. M., R. L. BROOCK, AND J. M. DEVLIN. 1974. Tritiated corticosteroid metabolism in intact and adenohypopysectomized ducks (Anas playtrhynchos). Gen Comp. Endocrinol. 22: 417-427.
- JOHNSON, W. D., AND D. T. COLLINS. 1975. Notes on the metabolism of the Cuckoo Owlet and Hawk Owl. Southern California Acad. Sci. Bull. 74: 44-45.— The metabolic rate of the owlet was found to be lower than that predicted by the metabolism-weight equation for nonpasserines (Lasiewski and Dawson 1967). That of the Hawk Owl was in agreement with the prediction. One individual of each species was tested.—H. H.
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