

americana, had a nest along Duck Creek, Scott County, Iowa. All Dickcissels in the area had been using electric wires as perches. On July 30, 1948, I found this female that had perched on one of a group of a dozen small wires that had been interlaced; her left foot had been caught between two of these small wires in such a manner that the bird was unable to free itself. Thus, she died of starvation. Even though in a lifetime an active field observer may see few such unusual examples of fatal accidents, they are probably quite common.—JAMES HODGES, *Davenport, Iowa*.

Birds Recorded from Greenland in 1776.—Greenland records, in most cases indicated by the citing of Eskimo names, given by Otho Frideric Muller, in his 'Zoologicae Danicae Prodromus' (Copenhagen, 1776), are tabulated below in the original and in up-to-date nomenclature. Those accompanied by question marks in the paper cited have been omitted.

NOTED AS SUPPLIED BY OTHO FABRICIUS

<i>Falco islandus albus</i>	p. viii	<i>Falco rusticolus obsoletus</i>
<i>Falco islandus fuscus</i>	p. viii	<i>Falco rusticolus obsoletus</i>
<i>Larus candidus</i>	p. viii	<i>Larus leucopterus</i>
<i>Fringilla lapponica</i>	p. viii	<i>Calcarius lapponicus lapponicus</i>
<i>Parus bicolor</i>	p. ix	<i>Parus bicolor</i>

COMPILED FROM THE SECTION "AVES" (PP. 9-34)

<i>Anas spectabilis</i>	p. 13	<i>Somateria spectabilis</i>
<i>Anas mollissima</i>	p. 14	<i>Somateria mollissima borealis</i>
<i>Anas hiemalis</i>	p. 15	<i>Clangula hiemalis</i>
<i>Alca arctica</i>	p. 17	<i>Fratercula arctica arctica</i>
<i>Procellaria glacialis</i>	p. 17	<i>Fulmarus glacialis glacialis</i>
<i>Procellaria pelecanus</i>	p. 18	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo carbo</i>
<i>Colymbus gryllus</i>	p. 18	<i>Cephus grylle grylle</i>
<i>Colymbus troile</i>	p. 19	<i>Uria aalge aalge</i>
<i>Colymbus immer</i>	p. 19	<i>Gavia immer immer</i>
<i>Larus iridactylus</i>	p. 20	<i>Rissa iridactyla iridactyla</i>
<i>Larus canus</i>	p. 20	<i>Larus canus canus</i>
<i>Larus marinus</i>	p. 20	<i>Larus marinus</i>
<i>Larus parasiticus</i>	p. 21	<i>Stercorarius parasiticus</i>
<i>Sterna hirundo</i>	p. 21	<i>Sterna hirundo hirundo</i>
<i>Tetrao lagopus</i>	p. 28	<i>Lagopus lagopus albus</i>
<i>Emberiza nivalis</i>	p. 31	<i>Plectrophenax nivalis nivalis</i>

The record of *Parus bicolor* which was also included by Otho Fabricius in his 'Fauna Groenlandica' (1780: 123) has not received Check-list recognition and *Larus c. canus* has been added recently (Suppl. 22, Auk, 1947: 448) on the basis of notes published by Hørring and Salomonsen in 1941 (Meddel. om Grøn., 131: 46-47, 1941).—W. L. McATEE, *Chicago, Illinois*.

Records from the Del-Mar-Va Peninsula.—During the past several years considerable time has been spent on the study of the birds of the Del-Mar-Va Peninsula. This peninsula consists of the State of Delaware, several counties of Maryland, and two counties of Virginia, lying between the Chesapeake Bay on the west and the Delaware River, Delaware Bay, and the Atlantic Ocean on the east. Assateague Island, on which several of these records were noted, is a breaker strip of beach