

March 25; at Northampton, three males, two females, March 26; a pair March 27, two males and later two pairs March 31, and a pair April 3 and 5. At Agawam one and at Southwick two males April 4. At Belchertown a pair April 5 and for some days longer, and two females April 16; and at North Hadley two more females April 16.

Mergus merganser americanus. AMERICAN MERGANSER.—Little noted in the winter, presumably because of the profusion of open water, flocks began to increase as usual in late February, reached a peak in early April, and were noted, with fewer and fewer males, until April 20.—AARON C. BAGG, *Holyoke, Mass.*, and S. A. ELIOT, JR., *Northampton, Mass.*

Notes from the Washington, D. C. Region.—*Egretta thula thula*. SNOWY EGRET.—One seen September 1 at Alexander Island, Virginia, and four seen September 6 at Four Mile Run, Virginia, by Murray T. Donoho; eight seen September 7, two seen September 8, 1930—one collected, at Four Mile Run, by the writer. Six seen August 8 at Alexander Island, and one seen September 6 and 7, 1931 at Alexandria, along Hunting Creek, Va., by the writer.

Nyctanassa violacea violacea. YELLOW-CROWNED NIGHT HERON.—Robert Bruce Overington has in his collection the following specimens taken by him at Laurel, Maryland: male and female—June 30, male—July 14, two females—July 22, 1927.

Chen hyperborea atlantica. ATLANTIC SNOW GOOSE.—A mounted specimen of this form in the possession of Edwin B. King of Warrenton, Virginia, was recently examined by the writer. It was shot by Mr. King from a duck blind at Brent's Point, at the junction of Aquia Creek and the Potomac River, Stafford County, Virginia, November 4, 1929. This is the first known record for this area.

Stercorarius parasiticus. PARASITIC JAEGER.—George Marshall of Laurel, Md., has an immature male in his collection taken by Louis F. C. Heintz on Little River, between Analoatan Island, D. C. and the Virginia shore, September 23, 1899. Mr. Heintz turned it over to Lee Young, from whom Mr. Marshall received it while the latter was taxidermist at the U. S. National Museum. This is an addition to the local avifauna.

Chlidonias nigra surinamensis. BLACK TERN.—R. B. Overington took an adult male at Laurel, Md., May 19, 1908. This is the first spring record for the region.

Dendroica cerulea. CERULEAN WARBLER.—A male was taken along the Potomac River, about two miles above Great Falls, Md., May 17, 1931, by Paul Bartsch and the writer.—W. HOWARD BALL, *1861 Ingleside Terrace, N. W., Washington, D. C.*

Notes from Chapel Hill, North Carolina.—Below are a few recent observations and records made by Edmund Taylor, Coit Coker and the writer working together. They may serve to modify or add to the previously recorded status of several species in central North Carolina.