

What was undoubtedly the same individual was found in the same place the next day at noon. Later that same afternoon Mr. Charles Johnston of the Linnæan Society found a Philadelphia Vireo in the same place, and reported an ideal study of it. His visit to the Park and his discovery were entirely independent of my own, of which he was entirely ignorant, and consequently I regard his observation as an excellent corroboration of mine. Dr. Robert Cushman Murphy observed another individual most excellently on October 3 near Bronxville, Westchester Co., N. Y., and Mr. George E. Hix found another on September 23, in Van Cortlandt Park which was studied at leisure, and reported at a subsequent meeting of the Linnæan Society. Thus the Philadelphia Vireo was observed four times last fall, whereas there are only eight other records for the immediate vicinity of the City in all previous years. I am much obliged to the gentlemen mentioned for permission to use their observations.—LUDLOW GRISCOM, *American Museum of Natural History*.

The Cerulean Warbler (*Dendroica cerulea*) in Central Park, New York City.—In view of the appearance of the Cerulean Warbler in the lower Hudson Valley in recent years, the following record for this species in Central Park may be of interest.

On September 15, 1923, a single female Cerulean was seen in what is commonly known as the "Ramble." The bird, in company with several Palm and Black-throated Green Warblers was observed for three or four minutes with 8× binoculars at a distance of about thirty feet. It was leisurely feeding among the smaller branches of an elm at a height of about twenty feet from the ground and did not seem to be in the least alarmed at the presence of the observer.

Apparently there was a large southward movement of Warblers the night before, a total of eight species being recorded in less than an hour, and this bird may well have been one of the Dutchess County breeders.—RUDYERD BOULTON, *University of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, Pa.*

Black-throated Gray Warbler in Massachusetts.—On the morning of December 8, 1923, I noticed a small bird, which I at first thought to be a Myrtle Warbler, fly out from a half-dead clematis vine which grows on our house here in Lenox. This struck me as being rather unusual, so I followed it up, and had another very brief sight of it,—just enough to show me that it was *not* a Myrtle Warbler, but not enough to prove to my satisfaction what it was.

The next morning my boy brought in this same bird which he had found dead under the same clematis vine. Suspecting its identity, but wishing confirmation, I sent the skin to the American Museum of Natural History where it was examined by Messrs. Miller and Griscom who pronounced it, as I had suspected, a Black-throated Gray Warbler (*Dendroica nigrescens*), probably a bird of the year. How this bird came to be in Berkshire County, Massachusetts, about 2500 miles out of its range; and what it was doing