

On May 12, 1912, I located the nest of a Pileated Woodpecker at Newton, New Jersey in the stub of a dead hickory thirty-five feet from the ground. The bird was first seen by Mr. George H. Stuart and afterwards by Mr. Julian Potter and myself. Shortly after I located the nest the bird came back, circled around the tree several times, flying away each time and finally entered the nest hole while we were at a distance of only some thirty feet from the tree. We were unable to dislodge her until I climbed the tree nearly up to the nest. Owing to the decayed condition of the upper part of the stub and the fact that we had no hatchet we were unable to determine whether she had eggs or young birds. We heard the male several time but did not seem him. The call of the Pileated was much like that of a Flicker but the notes were less rapid, wilder, sounding more like a series of clucks with a curious quirk at the end. The note of the male has a different cadence from that of the female. Two old nests were also found. The owner of the land where the nesting tree was located, reported that the bird had nested there for two years past. It very rarely occupies the same nest twice.—SAMUEL SCOVILLE, JR., *Pennsylvania Bldg., Philadelphia, Pa.*

The Red-naped Sapsucker in Oklahoma.—While on a collection trip in Pittsburg and Latimer Counties, Oklahoma, I collected a male specimen of *Sphyrapicus varius nuchalis*, March 23, 1914. The true identity of this specimen escaped my notice until sometime ago when I began a paper on Oklahoma Woodpeckers. Later Dr. H. C. Oberholser identified the specimen as *S. v. nuchalis*. So far as we are aware, this is the first recorded instance of the occurrence of this bird in Oklahoma. This specimen is in the museum of the University of Oklahoma, and bears accession number 14, n.s., and field number 131.—E. D. CRABB, *Univ. of Oklahoma, Norman, Okla.*

Another Three-toed Woodpecker in Michigan.—Among some skins which I acquired about two years ago, is a male Three-toed Woodpecker, (*Picoides americanus americanus*) collected by Mr. C. F. Brandler at Amasa, Iron county, Michigan, on November 24, 1910.

I know of only three other published records of the taking of this species in Michigan. (See Auk, Vol. 30, 1913, p. 272; and Vol. 33, 1921, p. 274 and p. 283.)—STEPHEN S. GREGORY, JR., *345 Barry Ave., Chicago, Ill.*

Observations on the Habits of the Whip-poor-will (*Antrostomus v. vociferus*).—The following observations on the Whip-poor-will were made at Lakeville, Plymouth County, Mass., during the years 1900 to 1902 and are transcribed from notes made at the time. The birds were common there and the writer was living on a large farm under conditions especially favorable for observation.

In 1900, the first arrival was recorded May 5, when a bird came and sang on the door-step, and they at once became common. In 1901, on the evening of May 4, about eight o'clock, a single bird was heard singing.