

(the first from Washtenaw County) taken November 19, 1922, from a small flock by Walter Koelz, who donated it to the Museum of Zoology.

Perisoreus c. canadensis. CANADA JAY.—Barrows (1912), records the young of this species, but says there are no nesting records for the state. Mr. Walter Koelz took an immature bird September 1919 in Pickford Township, Chippewa County, and saw others. He was told by a resident that the species nested there.

Scotiaplex c. cinerea. GREAT GRAY OWL.—Barrows (1912) records a few taken in the Upper Peninsula, but only one for the Lower Peninsula. I wish to add a record for Elk Rapids, taken in 1893, and a fine male, sent me in the flesh by W. B. Purdy, taken at Hillman, Montmorency County, November 25, 1922.—NORMAN A. WOOD, *Ann Arbor, Mich.*

Some 1922 Records of Birds of the Madison, Wisconsin, Territory.

1. *Colymbus holboellii*. HOLBOELL'S GREBE.—One specimen observed April 28.

2. *Sterna caspia*. CASPIAN TERN.—Two individual observed May 17.

3. *Sterna paradisaea*. ARCTIC TERN.—Two birds closely studied while sitting, May 15.

4. *Chaulelasmus streperus*. GADWALL.—Four specimens seen October 19.

5. *Aix sponsa*. WOOD DUCK.—One specimen, May 5.

6. *Limosa fedoa*. MARBLED GODWIT.—One bird, that allowed my close approach, seen May 18.

7. *Bartramia longicauda*. UPLAND PLOVER.—One bird, July 30.

8. *Falco peregrinus anatum*. DUCK HAWK.—One specimen May 12, another June 11.

9. *Falco columbarius columbarius*. PIGEON HAWK.—One bird May 7. These hawks are rarer with us than one might expect.

10. *Calcarius pictus*. SMITH'S LONGSPUR.—A single bird associated with Laplands, on the Sauk prairies April 17. Mr. H. L. Stoddard has seen a few others on this same favored locality.

11. *Passerherbulus lecontei*. LECONTE'S SPARROW.—One specimen collected October 9.

12. *Passerherbulus nelsoni nelsoni*. NELSON'S SPARROW.—Our search in the Madison region for this rare finch during the past eight years was first rewarded by a single specimen collected by William Schorger in 1921 and reported in 'The Auk' for October, 1922. On September 30, I collected three individuals from a flock of a dozen or so on the Hammersley marsh near Madison. The birds remained on the marsh for at least four days.

13. *Chondestes grammacus grammacus*. LARK SPARROW.—Several observed in the northern part of Dane county in which Madison is situated.

14. *Spizella pallida*. CLAY-COLORED SPARROW.—One specimen collected October 2.

15. *Bombycilla garrula*. BOHEMIAN WAXWING.—These birds were relatively common with us during the winter of 1921-22.

16. *Vireo belli belli*. BELL'S VIREO.—The nesting record was reported in 'The Auk' for October, 1922.

17. *Vermivora pinus*. BLUE-WINGED WARBLER.—An individual seen May 12.

18. *Vermivora celata celata*. ORANGE-CROWNED WARBLER.—One specimen collected on October 16, to establish identity. Half a dozen of these Warblers had frequented a five acre patch of twenty foot willows which formed a tangle along the edge of the Yahara River from October 9, at least, when they were first observed. I did not see them after the 16th. The only other Warblers in the thicket were a few Myrtles and one or two Maryland Yellow-throats.

19. *Dendroica cerulea*. CERULEAN WARBLER.—Several nesting birds heard singing in Baxter's Hollow on June 15.

20. *Seiurus noveboracensis notabilis*. GRINNELL'S WATER-THRUSH.—Typical specimen collected May 4.

21. *Oporornis agilis*. CONNECTICUT WARBLER.—Two individuals seen May 27, another on September 17, all three along the river bottoms of the Wisconsin River.

22. *Thryomanes bewicki bewicki*. BEWICK'S WREN.—The finding of the nest of this bird was reported by me in 'The Auk' for October, 1922. I observed one other specimen besides the nesting pair.

23. *Baeolophus bicolor*. TUFTED TITMOUSE.—One bird seen on December 26. It may well be that this bird is extending its range. One or two other records have been reported from the state during the present winter.—WARNER TAYLOR, 219 Clifford Court, Madison, Wisconsin.

Two Unusual Winter Records for the Chicago Area.—On December 17, 1922, a Brown Thrasher (*Toxostoma rufum*) was seen by Mr. Benjamin T. Gault and the writer in the DesPlaines River valley at River Forest, Illinois. This bird acted quite at home although the ground was covered with snow and the river under several inches of ice.

Then on January 21, 1923, Mr. Gault, Mr. W. D. Richardson and the writer observed six Myrtle Warblers (*Dendroica coronata*) at Dune Park, Porter County, Indiana. One of these warblers was collected and was found to have been feeding upon the dry fruit of the poison sumac (*Rhus venenata*). This, I believe, is the first winter record for the Myrtle Warbler in this section, though of course they winter in the southern counties of the State. Spring migrants rarely reach us before the first of April.—CHRISWELL J. HUNT, Chicago, Illinois.

Red Squirrel Eating Young Hairy Woodpecker.—April 16, 1922, when in a thin wood I heard a female Hairy Woodpecker making a great fuss as they do when one invades the vicinity of their nest. As I neared the place I saw the nest hole about twenty feet up in an elm stub. About