

unquestionably erroneous record was doubtless due to an oversight on his (Ridgway's) part, for he must have surely known that the species in question does not breed in the South Atlantic States.—ARTHUR T. WAYNE, *Mount Pleasant, S. C.*

**Notes on Three Michigan Birds.**—At the suggestion of Prof. W. B. Barrows, of the Michigan Agricultural College, I send a few notes gathered during the past summer. They are the result of a canoe trip down the Grand River, taken by a Mr. H. A. Moorman and myself. Although no remarkable finds were made, we succeeded in extending the supposed breeding range of two species, and in securing specimens of another rather uncommon resident.

At a point a few miles north of Jackson, Mich., we entered a remarkably large breeding area of the Prothonotary Warbler (*Protonotaria citrea*). The tract of low, water-covered land in which these birds were found extended, uninterrupted, for twenty-five miles on the river's course. Here this warbler was the most common bird encountered and, even after leaving this area, Prothonotary Warblers were met in several instances — our northernmost record being a few miles south of Lansing, Mich. The former breeding localities of this bird in our State were restricted to streams along the southern State line.

On July 7 a male Mourning Warbler (*Geothlypis philadelphia*) was taken at East Lansing. This bird, which was in full song and mating plumage, frequented the dense undergrowth in a tract of woods admirably adapted to its habits and, although no nest was found, I am fully convinced, from the date of capture and general surroundings, that it was a breeder there. Cadillac, in the northern part of the Southern Peninsula, was the former southern record for this bird.

The securing of three specimens of Henslow's Sparrow (*Coturniculus henslowi*), and the seeing of more in a low meadow near Eaton Rapids, help to establish more firmly the records in this State of a rather erratic and uncommon breeder.—EDWIN R. KALMBACH, *Asst. Director K. S. Museum, Grand Rapids, Mich.*

**Corrections to 'A List of the Land Birds of Southeastern Michigan.'**—In the 'Bulletin of the Michigan Ornithological Club' (beginning in Vol. IV, p. 14 and concluding in Vol. V, p. 43) was published 'A List of the Land Birds of Southeastern Michigan.' This contained a number of minor errors. The compiler's attention was directed to these several years ago but nothing has been done in the way of correction, so I have decided to take up the matter in the interest of exactness.

**BALD EAGLE.**—"A pair have been for many years on Elba Island. This should read Grosse Isle instead of Elba Island.

**AMERICAN LONG-EARED OWL.**—"J. Claire Wood has taken several sets." I have taken but one set in Michigan; a set of five eggs April 17, 1886.