

Colaptes fernandina DENNY, P. Z. S. 1847, p. 39.

Geopicus fernandinae MALH. Mém. Acad. Metz, 1848-49, p. 359; *ib.* Mon. Pic. II, p. 273 (1862).

Colaptes fernandiae REICH. Handb. Orn. p. 415, No. 975 (1854).

Nesocoeleus fernandinae SCL. & SALV. Nom. Avium Neotr. p. 101 (1873).—CORY, List Bds. W. I. p. 20 (1885).

SP. CHAR. *Male*.—Top of the head pale yellowish brown, each feather having a central stripe of dark brown, giving the head a delicate striped appearance; a space around the eye, extending beyond the ear-coverts, pale rufous brown; a stripe of black passes from the under mandible down the sides of the throat; chin and throat black, the feathers edged with yellowish white; rest of plumage having the feathers banded with yellow and dark brown, brightest on the underparts; under wing-coverts pale yellow, somewhat marked with brownish; wings and tail dark brown, thickly banded with yellow; under surface of wings and tail showing the shafts of the feathers clear pale yellow, the shafts being brown on the upper surface.

Female.—Similar to the male, but having the head and cheeks browner, and lacking the black stripe on the side of the throat.

Length (skin), 12; wing, 6.25; tail, 5; tarsus, 1; bill, 1.60.

HABITAT. Cuba.

(*To be continued.*)

DESCRIPTIONS OF NEW SPECIES OF BIRDS FROM THE WEST INDIES.

BY CHARLES B. CORY.

Thryothorus guadeloupenis, sp. nov.

SP. CHAR.—Upper parts dark brown, showing darkest on the head; wing-coverts tipped with rufous brown; primaries and secondaries dark brown, the outer webs mottled with reddish brown, showing pale indistinct bands on some of the inner secondaries; entire underparts tawny brown; under tail-coverts tawny, heavily marked with dark brown; bill yellowish brown, under mandible quite pale; legs and feet pale; iris yellow.

The tail of the specimen above described is lacking.

Length, —; wing, 1.95; tarsus, .78; bill, .75.

HABITAT. Grand Terre, Guadeloupe, West Indies.

Loxigilla richardsoni, sp. nov.

SP. CHAR.—Entire plumage dull black; *no* trace of rufous brown on the throat or above the eye; under wing-coverts dull black; inner web of outer tail-feather dark brown; legs and feet apparently pale.

Length (skin), 5.10; wing, 2.85; tail, 1.95; tarsus, .95; bill, .50.

HABITAT. Mountains of Santa Lucia, West Indies.

The bird here described was procured in Santa Lucia by Mr. W. E. Richardson (for whom I have named it), with a lot of skins from a native living in the interior of the island. Mr. Richardson claims to have seen the bird alive, but was unable to obtain other specimens, as at the time of his visit to the island all shooting was prohibited by the authorities.

Loxigilla barbadensis, sp. nov.

SP. CHAR. *Male*.—General appearance of the female of *L. noctis*. Upper parts dull olive brown; underparts ashy brown, palest on the throat; under tail-coverts pale rufous brown; a faint tinge of reddish brown is sometimes perceptible on the throat and in front of the eye, but is not constant, and is lacking in several specimens. Quills brown, the outer webs edged with brownish-white; wing-coverts edged with red-brown; tail olive brown, showing numerous nearly obsolete bands when held in the light; bill and feet dark brown, the latter nearly black.

Length (skin), 5; wing, 2.75; tail, 2; tarsus, .75; bill, .45.

The sexes are apparently similar.

HABITAT. Barbadoes, West Indies.

I do not know of a black *Loxigilla* having been taken in Barbadoes. Mr. Richardson procured a good series from that island and claims that black examples do not exist there.

DESCRIPTION OF A NEW GENUS OF TYRANNIDÆ FROM SANTO DOMINGO.

BY ROBERT RIDGWAY.

Lawrencia, gen. nov.

GEN. CHAR.—Wing very much rounded, the first quill shortest, the second quill not longer than secondaries, and fifth and sixth longest; longest primaries exceeding secondaries by less than the distance from tip of second to that of longest quill; distance from tip of first quill to that of