Islands farther south. The populations of four breeding landbirds (Common Raven, Rock Wren, Starling, and House Sparrow) have been changed by human interference during the last 70 years. Based on nine complete surveys made between 1888 and 1974, the species turnover has ranged from 14 to 100%, with a mean turnover of 52% per mean survey interval of 11.6 years, or 6.12% per year. Variation in turnover rate would probably lessen if the island had a more complex habitat and thus a more diverse avifauna.

Censuses of landbirds on the Farallones provide a measure of the immigrant pool potentially available for colonization of offshore California islands. The breeding species of the Channel Islands, islands much larger and more complex than the Farallones, are reviewed in terms of their rates of occurrence on the Farallones. Species that have endemic forms on the Channel Islands either occur infrequently or never on the Farallones, or have a high propensity to subspeciate in California. Several other species that breed on the Channel Islands occur frequently and remain for long periods on the Farallones, suggesting that conditions are nearly, but not exactly, right for breeding. Others that breed on the Channel Islands occur frequently on the Farallones but do not remain. These species prefer complex habitats. A few Channel Island breeding species, namely the Scrub Jay, Bewick's Wren, Bushtit, and Rufous-crowned Sparrow, are among a group of birds that have never been present naturally on the Farallones, and are among a subgrouping of species we expect will never arrive by overwater flight because of their sedentary habits.

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